

Call for Papers Jahreskongress Schweizerischen Vereinigung für Politische Wissenschaft - SVPW/ASSP

Universität Basel, 21./22.1.2016

Für den Jahreskongress 2016 der SVPW wird ein gemeinsamer Call for Papers für alle Arbeitsgruppen ausgeschrieben. Sie finden unten die Liste der Arbeitsgruppen die in Basel tagen werden.

Personen welche an einem Workshop teilnehmen möchten, sollen ihren Abstract (max. 500 Wörter) bis zum **15. Oktober 2015** über die Kongress-Homepage einreichen (Informationen folgt.)

Folgende Fristen gelten für den Kongress:

- Einsendefrist für die Abstracts: 15. Oktober 2015
- Benachrichtigung der Autoren über die Annahme/Ablehnung des Abstracts: 15. November 2015
- Registrierung geöffnet ab: 30. Oktober 2015
- Einsendefrist für den Beitrag: 5. Januar 2016

Appel à contributions pour le Congrès annuel de l'Association Suisse de Science Politique - SVPW/ASSP

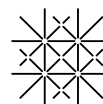
Université de Bâle, 21./22.1.2016

Pour le congrès annuel 2016 de l'ASSP, un appel à contributions commun a été rédigé pour tous les groupes de travail. Vous trouvez ci-dessous la liste des groupes de travail qui se réuniront au Congrès 2014.

Les personnes qui souhaitent participer à un groupe de travail doivent soumettre leur abstract (max. 500 mots) jusqu'au **15 octobre 2015** sur le site internet du congrès.

Les différents délais pour le Congrès sont les suivants:

- Délai de soumission des abstracts: 15 octobre 2015
- Envoi des courriels d'acceptation/refus des propositions aux auteurs: 15 novembre 2015
- Régistration ouverte dès le : 30 octobre 2015
- Envoi du papier final: 5 janvier 2016



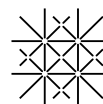
SVPW-Tagungsthema 2016

Die Krise in der Ukraine: Reaktionen der internationalen Gemeinschaft

La crise en Ukraine: les réactions de la communauté internationale

Plenumsveranstaltung

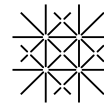
Die Politikwissenschaft und insbesondere die internationalen Beziehungen werden oft auch als „Krisenpräventionswissenschaft“ gesehen: Sobald etwas Überraschendes auf der Weltbühne geschieht oder eine Krise aufkommt, werden von ihr Erklärungen erwartet über die Ursachen des Ereignisses sowie Antworten auf die Frage, ob dieses nicht zu verhindern gewesen wäre. Vielfach greifen diese Erwartungen ins Leere, weil schlichtwegs keine oder zuwenig Informationen über die Geschehnisse vorhanden waren. Im Falle der Krise in der Ukraine kam es zu einer Eskalation von Spannungen und sogar zur Anwendung von Gewalt mitten in einem wohlerforschten Bereich der Politikwissenschaft. Das Panel geht folgenden Fragen nach: Gab es politikwissenschaftliche Untersuchungen, welche die Gefahr einer Eskalation vorhersahen? Wie wurde die Rolle der EU gegenüber der Ukraine analysiert? Lassen sich aus der wissenschaftlichen Literatur Empfehlungen entnehmen, wie die internationale Gemeinschaft auf die Krise in der Ukraine reagieren sollte? Sind diesbezüglich grundsätzliche Meinungsdivergenzen vorhanden? Was für Folgen ergeben sich für die Aussenpolitik der Schweiz?



Liste der Arbeitsgruppen für den Kongress 2016 der SVPW

Liste des groupes de travail pour le Congrès 2016 de l'ASSP

	Groupe	Call for Papers
1	Relations internationales Internationale Beziehungen	Specific call
2	Etudes européennes Europastudien	Open call
3	Politique de paix et de sécurité Sicherheits- und Friedenspolitik	Specific call
4	Politiques publiques Public Policy	Open and specific call
5	Repräsentation und politisches Verhalten Représentation et comportement politique	Open call
6	Théorie politique Politische Theorie	Specific call
7	Genre et politique Gender und Politik	Specific call
8	Politique sociale et économie politique Sozialpolitik und Politische Ökonomie	Open call
9	Méthodes empiriques Empirische Methoden	Open call
10	Développement et Environnement Development and Environment	Open call
11	Federalism and territorial politics	Specific call
12	International Political Sociology	Open call



Call for papers on specific topics

1) International Relations

Challenges in an Uncertain World. International Relations in the 21st century.

The International Relations section welcomes paper proposals that address international challenges in the fields of international security, international political economy, and international institutions, broadly understood. In addition to substantive challenges, we also invite people to tackle theoretical, empirical and/or methodological challenges. The papers will be presented and discussed in three panels:

Panel 1: Challenges to international peace

Presentations and discussions in this workshop will investigate topics such as conflict resolution, the politics of escalating conflicts and their internationalization (e.g. the conflict in Ukraine), the challenges to non-proliferation norms, or global/regional hegemony and their security preferences.

Panel 2: Challenges in international economic relations

This panel will examine the challenges for international economic relations arising from developments such as increasing economic interdependencies, the rise of new economically influential actors (such as the BRIC states), the global financial and the Eurozone crisis, or growing global inequalities.

Panel 3: Challenges to international institutions

This workshop will investigate topics such as how international institutions react to exogenous shocks and/or internal challenges, whether they are still relevant to facilitating cooperation today, or how overlapping institutions relate to one another. The policy domains in which institutions operate can be manifold (such as security, economics, environment, migration).

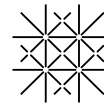
We are interested in a methodologically, empirically, and theoretically diverse set of papers and especially encourage junior scholars to submit their work.

2) European Politics

SPSA Working Group European Politics: Open Call for Papers for Annual Meeting

In his recent state of the union speech, Jean Claude Juncker, the president of the European Commission, stated that the EU not in a good state because there is “not enough Europe in this Union” and “there is not enough Union in this Union.” This is a very apt description of the EU that just experiences the latest twist of a crises driven period: with the refugee crisis following the Eurozone crisis and the Greece crisis heating up just in the midst of the conflict between the EU and Russia on the Ukraine. This crises driven period has rendered the vision of an ever closer union more and more into fiction. On the one hand, there still are significant differences between the member states on many issues, but these differences do longer follow clear cut cleavages (e.g. North vs. South or old vs. new member states). On the other hand, the pull towards a strengthening of the supranational level e.g. in fiscal and financial policies is confronted with centrifugal forces such as the threats of a Grexit, Brexit etc.

The not so good state of the EU provides the context in which the working group on European Politics of the Swiss Political Science Association issues an open call for papers for its meeting on the occasion of the annual meeting the Swiss Political Science Association in Basle in January 21st and 22nd, 2015. If you are interested to contribute with a paper, please send an abstract to bailers@ethz.ch and dirk.lehmkuhl@unisg.ch until November 20th, 2015.



3) Politique de paix et de sécurité / Sicherheits- und Friedenspolitik

The workshop's organizers would like to focus on different techniques of peacebuilding including mediation, constitutional processes, transitional justice or the inclusion of particular groups of actors such as religious leaders or businesses actors in national dialogue processes. While case studies approaches are most frequent in this field, papers based on other methodologies or looking at ethical or power related issues are equally welcome. As well are papers focusing on peacebuilding policies of individual states or international organisations.

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4) Public Policies / Politiques publiques / öffentliche Politiken

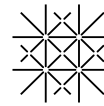
The workshop organizers invite paper proposals on public policy in general (open call) and on the role of interest groups in policy-making processes (see thematic call below).

Thematic call: "Putting interest groups in their policy context"

A meta-analysis of interest groups (IGs) research, assessing 110 articles and books published between 1996 and 2011 (Hojnacki et al., 2012), found that about two-thirds of recent empirical studies focus on IGs' advocacy activities and/or on the measurement of IGs' influence on public policies. These studies dedicate some attention to the context of the policy-making process when explaining IGs' strategies, access to decision-makers and, eventually, policy success. Concretely, IG scholars take into account, beyond IGs' features (e.g. goals, membership and resources), the characteristics of the policy issue at stake (e.g. saliency, scope and size) and the institutional, political and economic environment. This is a noticeable improvement in comparison to Baumgartner and Leech's (1998:174) rather critical evaluation of the context insensitivity in most IGs research published between 1950 and 1995. At that time, most studies about IGs' advocacy tactics were conducted in isolation from the specificities of the policy-making process. Nevertheless, Hojnacki et al. (2012) conclude that future studies should continue to link IGs' strategies, the policy process and politics even more strongly (see also Beyers, 2008:1206-1207; Halpin and Binderkrantz, 2011: 207).

The workshop takes up this challenge and will discuss papers adopting a "policy-focused approach" (Hacker and Pierson, 2014) to interest groups' advocacy strategy and policy influence. First, we welcome contributions that investigate recent theoretical and methodological developments of the policy-contextualized approach. Second, we invite proposals that examine how this kind of approach is/may be applied in Swiss and comparative studies.

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geraldine.pflieger@unige.ch; frederic.varone@unige.ch,



5) Repräsentation und politisches Verhalten / Représentation et comportement politique

The working group welcomes contributions touching on representation and political behavior (including topics such as elections or direct democracy), either with a particular focus on Swiss politics, or from a comparative perspective. Papers can be submitted in English or in a national language.

6) Politische Theorie

La théorie politique au-delà de l'Europe

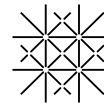
Par-delà les clivages politiques ou théoriques, il existe un large consensus pour considérer que l'Europe traverse l'une des crises politiques les plus profondes de son histoire. Les théoriciens politiques concentrent aujourd'hui leur attention sur des questions comme les migrations, les ajustements structurels ou, plus généralement, le destin du projet européen lui-même. Cela pourrait être le moment opportun d'adopter une perspective plus globale et de réfléchir au rôle et à la pertinence d'une théorie politique « non-européenne » pour réfléchir le futur de l'Europe. Ces dernières décennies, les nombreuses approches qui utilisent une telle perspective (par exemple les théories post-coloniales, les théories venant du Sud ou les « épistémologies du Sud ») ont profondément marqué plusieurs disciplines scientifiques. Pourtant, le courant dominant de la théorie politique, qui se concentre généralement sur l'Europe et les États-Unis, n'a pour l'instant utilisé ces approches qu'à la marge (par exemple en théorie politique comparative). Pour cet atelier, nous attendons donc des propositions d'intervention en anglais, en français ou en allemand qui discuteront, soit à partir d'une approche régionale et culturelle, soit dans une perspective plus générale, la théorie politique extra-européenne comme une contribution à la théorie politique « européenne ».

Politische Theorie jenseits von Europa

Über alle politischen und theoretischen Differenzen hinweg ist man sich weitgehend einig, dass Europa derzeit eine seiner fundamentalsten Krisen erlebt. Politische Theoretiker richten daher zurecht ihre Aufmerksamkeit auf dringende Angelegenheiten wie Migration, Strukturbereinigungen und - mehr noch - auf die Zukunft des Europäischen Projekts insgesamt. Dies ist vielleicht der richtige Moment, um eine globale Perspektive einzunehmen und die Rolle und Bedeutung 'nicht-europäischer' Politischer Theorie für theoretische Überlegungen zu Europa zu überdenken. In den vergangenen Jahrzehnten haben zahlreiche Ansätze (z.B. Postkolonialismus, Theorie aus dem Süden, südliche Epistemologien) eine solche Perspektive betont und ihre unauslöschlichen Spuren in verschiedenen akademischen Disziplinen hinterlassen. Im Zentrum der Politischen Theorie, wo noch immer hauptsächlich auf Europa und die USA fokussiert wird, hat man davon bisher nur am Rande Notiz genommen (z.B. in der Form vergleichender Politischer Theorie). In diesem Zusammenhang suchen wir gezielt nach Beiträgen in englischer, französischer oder deutscher Sprache, die allgemein oder mit speziellem regionalem und kulturellem Fokus Politische Theorie jenseits von Europa als Beitrag zur 'europäischen' politischen Theorie zum Inhalt haben.

Political Theory Beyond Europe

Across divides of political opinion and theoretical inclination there is widespread agreement that Europe is currently going through one of its most fundamental political crisis. Political theorists rightly direct their attention towards pressing issues such as migration, structural adjustment and above all the very fate of the European project. This might be the opportune moment to adopt a more global perspective and to reflect on the role and importance of 'non-European' Political Theory for theoretical reflection in Europe. In recent decades, many approaches (e.g. postcolonial theory, theory from the South, Southern epistemologies) that emphasize such a perspective have left their indelible mark in several academic



disciplines. Yet, mainstream Political Theory, still focusing largely on Europe and the United States, has hitherto taken note of these approaches only at the fringes (e.g. in the form of comparative political theory). Against this background, we invite proposals for papers in English, French or German that discuss generally or with a specific regional or cultural focus the nuts and bolts of a Political Theory beyond Europe as a contribution to 'European' Political Theory.

7) Genre et politique

Promoting Gender & Politics research in Switzerland

Whereas gender sensitive and feminist political science has by now earned a considerable visibility and recognition at the European and international level, it is not currently institutionalised in Swiss political science, where no Chair for gender studies exists. Nonetheless, Switzerland counts a number of political scientists whose work focuses largely or partly on gender issues.

We would like to use the next annual meeting of the SPSA to continue a dialogue that was initiated at a meeting of the Swiss Society for Gender Studies (Schweizerische Gesellschaft für Geschlechterforschung) on how to promote and possibly institutionalise gender research in Swiss political science. This dialogue includes a) an exchange/debate/discussion about recent or ongoing research, and b) an exchange/development of ideas for cooperation between researchers (at universities and professional universities, as well as independent researchers).

We welcome papers that:

- Take stock and discuss the state of gender research (or specific aspects thereof) in Swiss political science in a comparative European or international perspective, and suggest research agendas or topics for the future;
- Discuss ideas for the promotion and institutionalisation of knowledge and their applicability to gender-oriented political science in Switzerland;
- Present original experiences that have proven successful for the promotion of new types of research or teaching in Switzerland or elsewhere and that could be helpful for the promotion of gender-oriented research in Switzerland;
- Present recent research projects and findings on a wide range of topics from the gender & politics field.

Papers are welcome in French, German and English. They may take a conventional conference paper format (15-25 pages) or a shorter research note format (5-10 pages) focused on a very specific and/or more practical aspect of the wider topic. Contributions by doctoral candidates are very welcome.

In case of questions regarding the suitability of your proposal, please contact one of the workshop organisers:

Lea Sgier, sgierl@ceu.edu

Christine Scheidegger, christine.scheidegger@gmx.ch

Gesine Fuchs, post@gesine-fuchs.net

11) Federalism & Territorial Politics

See separate document.